Recursive Feasibility of Stochastic Model Predictive Control with Mission-Wide Probabilistic Constraints

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Overview

Background

- Stochastic Optimal Control
- Mission-Wide Chance-Constrained Optimal Control
- Chance Constraints: mission-wide & stage-wise

Contributions

- Remaining MWPSs & Initially Prescribed MWPS (MWPS: Mission-Wide Probability of Safety)
- Recursive Feasibility of MWPS Constraints
- Stochastic Linear MPC with MWPS guarantee

Stochastic Optimal Control





Stochastic Optimal Control

Mission: plan an optimal trajectory for the drone within N stages



A simplified diagram above: the drone may reach the goal point before stage N.

Performance assessment:

- N: mission horizon or number of times control is applied (typically very large)
- stage cost: $L(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{u}) \in \mathbb{R}$, terminal cost: $M(\mathbf{s}_N) \in \mathbb{R}$
- policy sequence is $\pmb{\pi} := \{\pmb{\pi}_0, \dots, \pmb{\pi}_{N-1}\}$ such that $\mathbf{u}_k = \pmb{\pi}_k(\mathbf{s}_k)$
- total cost:

$$\mathbb{E}\left[M(\mathbf{s}_N) + \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} L(\mathbf{s}_k, \boldsymbol{\pi}_k(\mathbf{s}_k))\right]$$

(the expectation is taken over the state trajectories)

Mission-Wide Chance-Constrained Optimal Control

Mission: plan an optimal trajectory for the drone within N stages and subject to safety constraints **Mission:** plan an optimal trajectory for the drone within N stages and subject to probabilistic safety constraints



Safety considerations:

- A mission to be safe if: $s_{1,...,N} \in S.$ (may be impossible!!!)
- Mission-Wide Probability of Safety (MWPS):

$$\mathbb{P}[\mathbf{s}_{1,...,N} \in \mathbb{S} \,|\, \mathbf{s}_0, \boldsymbol{\pi}]$$

• MWPS constraint, i.e., mission-wide chance constraint:

$$\mathbb{P}[\mathbf{s}_{1,...,N} \in \mathbb{S} \,|\, \mathbf{s}_{0}, \boldsymbol{\pi}] \geq S, \quad \text{with } S \in [0,1]$$

Mission-Wide Chance-Constrained Optimal Control

 $\mbox{Mission:}$ plan an optimal trajectory for the drone within N stages and subject to MWPS constraint



Find a policy sequence solution of:

$$\min_{\boldsymbol{\pi}} \quad \mathbb{E}\left[M(\mathbf{s}_N) + \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} L(\mathbf{s}_k, \boldsymbol{\pi}_k(\mathbf{s}_k))\right]$$
s.t.
$$\mathbb{P}[\mathbf{s}_{1,\dots,N} \in \mathbb{S} \mid \mathbf{s}_0, \boldsymbol{\pi}] \ge S$$

Notice: the space of policies is functional, and dynamic programming fails to apply directly.

Chance Constraints: mission-wide & stage-wise



(In engineering, we typically care about the probability that the mission is successful, i.e., MWPS.)

Comparison:

- Mission-Wide Probability of Safety (MWPS): w.r.t. the whole mission.
- Stage-Wise Probability of Safety (SWPS): w.r.t. a single time stage.
- \bullet Classic SMPC that enforces P joint SWPSs, P is the prediction horizon (typically $P \ll N$)

It is hard to non-conservatively enforce MWPS via (multiple) SWPS because of the correlation between successive states

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- Remaining MWPSs & Initially Prescribed MWPS (MWPS: Mission-Wide Probability of Safety)
- Recursive Feasibility of MWPS Constraints
- Stochastic Linear MPC with MWPS guarantee (A tentative solution given by shrinking-horizon policies)

Remaining MWPSs & Initially Prescribed MWPS

Once a policy sequence $\boldsymbol{\pi} := \{ \boldsymbol{\pi}_0, \dots, \boldsymbol{\pi}_{N-1} \}$ is selected in the beginning of the mission.

• initially prescribed MWPS (fixed value):

 $\mathbb{P}_{0,N} := \mathbb{P}\left[\mathbf{s}_{1,\dots,N} \in \mathbb{S} \, \big| \, \mathbf{s}_{0}, \boldsymbol{\pi}\right]$

remaining MWPSs (random value):
 (depend on the specific realization of s₁,...,k)

 $\mathbb{P}_{k,N} := \mathbb{P}\left[\mathbf{s}_{k+1,\ldots,N} \in \mathbb{S} \, \big| \, \mathbf{s}_k, \{\boldsymbol{\pi}_k,\ldots,\boldsymbol{\pi}_{N-1}\}\right]$



Lemma 1: Given a policy sequence π , we observe that

$$\mathbb{E}_{\left\{\mathbf{s}_{1,\ldots,k}\in\mathbb{S}\,|\,\mathbf{s}_{0},\left\{\boldsymbol{\pi}_{0},\ldots,\boldsymbol{\pi}_{k-1}\right\}\right\}}\left[\mathbb{P}_{k,N}\right]=\mathbb{P}_{0,N}$$

for all $k=1,\ldots,N-1,$ i.e. the remaining MWPSs are equal to the initially prescribed MWPS in the expected value sense.

This Lemma forms a basis for constructing a recursively feasible SMPC controller

Recursive Feasibility of MWPS Constraints

SMPC with Shrinking-horizon policy (solving N optimal control problems in an "on-line" fashion)

Find policy

$$ilde{\pmb{\pi}}^k = \left\{ ilde{\pmb{\pi}}^k_k, \dots, ilde{\pmb{\pi}}^k_{N-1}
ight\}$$

that solves the problem

$$\min_{\boldsymbol{\pi}^{k}} \quad \mathbb{E}\left[M(\mathbf{s}_{N}) + \sum_{l=k}^{N-1} L(\mathbf{s}_{l}, \boldsymbol{\pi}_{l}^{k}(\mathbf{s}_{l}))\right]$$
s.t.
$$\mathbb{P}[\mathbf{s}_{k+1,\dots,N} \in \mathbb{S} \mid \mathbf{s}_{k}, \boldsymbol{\pi}^{k}] \geq S_{k}$$

 $(\pi^k$ are parameterized in practice such that it lies in the subspace of its actual admissible set)

• The control inputs applied to the closed-loop system are given by

$$\mathbf{u}_{k} = \tilde{\boldsymbol{\pi}}_{k}^{k}(\mathbf{s}_{k}), \ k = 0, \dots, N-1$$



We will answer these questions by designing the parameter S_k properly

Recursive Feasibility of MWPS Constraints

Proposition 1: Assume that there exist feasible π^0 satisfies the MWPS constraint:

$$\mathbb{P}[\mathbf{s}_{1,\ldots,N} \in \mathbb{S} \,|\, \mathbf{s}_0, \boldsymbol{\pi}^0] \ge S_0 \ge S$$

and that each policy sequence π^k is built under the constraint:

$$\mathbb{P}[\mathbf{s}_{k+1,\ldots,N} \in \mathbb{S} \,|\, \mathbf{s}_k, \boldsymbol{\pi}^k] \ge S_k \tag{1}$$

with $S_k = \gamma_k \mathbb{P}[\mathbf{s}_{k+1,\ldots,N} \in \mathbb{S} | \mathbf{s}_k, \boldsymbol{\pi}^{k-1}]$, where $\gamma_k \in (0,1]$, for all k. Then the closed-loop MWPS constraints under $\{\tilde{\boldsymbol{\pi}}_0^0, \ldots, \tilde{\boldsymbol{\pi}}_{N-1}^{N-1}\}$ reads as:

$$\mathbb{P}\left[\mathbf{s}_{1,\ldots,N}\in\mathbb{S}\,\Big|\,\mathbf{s}_{0},\{\tilde{\boldsymbol{\pi}}_{0}^{0},\ldots,\tilde{\boldsymbol{\pi}}_{N-1}^{N-1}\}\right]\geq\prod_{k=1}^{N-1}\gamma_{k}S_{0}\,.$$

Corollary.

- the choice of $\prod_{k=1}^{N-1} \gamma_k S_0 = S$ fulfills the closed-loop MWPS constraint.
- constraint (1) is feasible for $\pi^k = \pi^{k-1}$, i.e., the SMPC controller is recursive feasible.

Stochastic Linear MPC with MWPS guarantee

The linear system: $\mathbf{s}_{k+1} = A\mathbf{s}_k + B\mathbf{u}_k + \mathbf{w}_k$

The safe set: S is polytopic, i.e., $S = \{ \mathbf{s} | C\mathbf{s} + \mathbf{c} \le 0 \}$

At current state \mathbf{s}_k , for all $t = k, \dots, N-1$, solve the problem

$$\min_{\bar{\mathbf{u}}_{k,...,N-1}} \mathbb{E} \left[\mathbf{s}_{N}^{\top} Q_{N} \mathbf{s}_{N} + \sum_{t=k}^{N-1} \left(\mathbf{s}_{t}^{\top} Q \mathbf{s}_{t} + \mathbf{u}_{t}^{\top} R \mathbf{u}_{t} \right) \right]$$
s.t. $\bar{\mathbf{s}}_{k} = \mathbf{s}_{k}$
 $\bar{\mathbf{s}}_{t+1} = A \bar{\mathbf{s}}_{t} + B \bar{\mathbf{u}}_{t}, \qquad \text{(nominal dynamic model)}$
 $\mathbf{e}_{t+1} = (A + BK) \mathbf{e}_{t} + \mathbf{w}_{t}, \qquad \text{(error dynamic model)}$
 $\mathbf{s}_{t+1} = \bar{\mathbf{s}}_{t+1} + \mathbf{e}_{t+1},$
 $\mathbb{P}[C \mathbf{s}_{t+1} + \mathbf{c} \leq 0, \forall t] \geq S_{k},$

where Q, Q_N are semi-positive definite, R is positive definite.

The policy π^k is parameterized as $\pi^k_t(\mathbf{s}_t) := \bar{\mathbf{u}}_t + K \mathbf{e}_t$ (classic in stochastic/robust MPC)

Stochastic Linear MPC with MWPS guarantee

Cost function. assume zero-mean of \mathbf{w}_k , cost function reduces to

$$\bar{\mathbf{s}}_N^\top Q_N \bar{\mathbf{s}}_N + \sum_{t=k}^{N-1} \left(\bar{\mathbf{s}}_t^\top Q \bar{\mathbf{s}}_t + \bar{\mathbf{u}}_t^\top R \bar{\mathbf{u}}_t \right) + \sigma,$$

where σ is a constant term.

Chance constraint. reformulated as

 $\mathbb{P}[H(\mathbf{w}_{k,...,N-1}) + \mathcal{C}\bar{\mathbf{s}}_{k+1,...,N}^\top \leq \mathbf{0}] \geq S_k$

with appropriate matrices H and C.

Scenario Approximation. further reformulated via samples

$$H^{(i)}(\mathbf{w}_{k,\ldots,N-1}^{(i)}) + \mathcal{C}\bar{\mathbf{s}}_{k+1,\ldots,N}^{\top} \leq \mathbf{0}$$

(for all $i=1,\ldots,N_k$, and N_k is the number of samples [cf. Calafiore 2009])

Pick up a "representative" sample. label:

$$\mathcal{I}_j = \max_{i \in \mathbb{I}_{[1,N_k]}} [H^{(i)}]_j, \quad \forall j \in \mathbb{I}_{[1,n_c]},$$

 $(n_c \text{ is the number of constraints generated by a sample } i)$

Stochastic Linear MPC with MWPS guarantee

Eventually, we derive the following QP

$$\min_{\bar{\mathbf{u}}} \bar{\mathbf{s}}_{N}^{\mathrm{T}} Q_{N} \bar{\mathbf{s}}_{N} + \sum_{t=k}^{N-1} \left(\bar{\mathbf{s}}_{t}^{\mathrm{T}} Q \bar{\mathbf{s}}_{t} + \bar{\mathbf{u}}_{t}^{\mathrm{T}} R \bar{\mathbf{u}}_{t} \right)$$

s.t. $\bar{\mathbf{s}}_{k} = \mathbf{s}_{k}$
 $\bar{\mathbf{s}}_{t+1} = A \bar{\mathbf{s}}_{t} + B \bar{\mathbf{u}}_{t} + \bar{\mathbf{w}}_{t},$
 $\mathcal{I}_{i} + [\mathcal{C}]_{i} \bar{\mathbf{s}}_{k+1,\dots,N} \leq 0$

Algorithm: linear SMPC with MWPS constraint

Stochastic Linear MPC with MWPS guarantee: a case study



Figure: State trajectories via running Monte Carlo simulations

• System matrices: $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ • Disturbance: $\mathbf{w}_k \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 0.04 \cdot I)$ • Safe set matrices: $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -2 \\ -10 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$ • Q = I, R = 0.1, K = [-0.6167, -1.2703] $Q_N = \begin{bmatrix} 2.0599 & 0.5916 \\ 0.5916 & 1.4228 \end{bmatrix}$

• Set N = 11, $S_0 = 0.98$ and $\gamma_{1,...,10} = 0.99$, resulting in $S = \prod_{k=1}^{10} \gamma_k S_0 = 0.8863$ • Running 10^5 missions shows that the resulting ratio of mission success is 99.88%This discrepancy is due to that the scenario-based method adopted is conservative.

Summary

Conclusions

- Showed that the remaining MWPSs remain constant in the expected value sense
- Proposed a recursively feasible control scheme while ensuring MWPS constraint
- Deployed the idea in the linear case via an efficient scenario-based approach

Future work:

- · More advanced methods in place of the classic Monte-Carlo sampling
- Receding-horizon policy in place of the shrinking-horizon policy

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Thank you! Questions?